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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/825,989	04/05/2001	Jed W. Fahey	046585/0138	4463
22428	7590 10/06/200	9	EXAM	INER
FOLEY AND LARDNER LLP SUITE 500			KRASS, FRI	EDERICK F
3000 K STREET NW			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGT	ON, DC 20007		1614	

DATE MAILED: 10/06/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/825,989	FAHEY ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Frederick Krass	1614
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	opears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 r CPR 1 after SIX (b) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the said or extended period for reply will. But Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term eductment. See 37 r CPR 1-704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNI .136(a). In no event, however, may a d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO tte. cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14	November 2005.	
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	is action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	ance except for formal mat	ters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.I	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 48-63 and 65-71 is/are pending in the	ne application.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) <u>48-57</u> is/are allowed.		
6) Claim(s) <u>58-63 and 65-71</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.	
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ ac	cepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
1. Certified copies of the priority documen	nts have been received.	•
Certified copies of the priority document		
Copies of the certified copies of the pri	ority documents have been	n received in this National Stage
application from the International Bure		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	st of the certified copies no	t received.

Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
 Notice of Drafsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date ______.

Attachment(s)

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Claim Informalities

Claim 60, first line, immediately after "is" there should be inserted - at ---

Previous Rejections

Unless specifically maintained infra, all previous rejections are withdrawn.

Because the new grounds of rejections which follow were not necessitated by Applicant's amendment, this action is NON-FINAL.

Nonstatutory (Obviousness-Type) Double Patenting Rejection

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

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Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 58-63 and 65-71 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousnesstype double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 6-8 and 11-33 of U.S. Patent No.
6,177,122. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably
distinct from each other because it is obvious on its face that the methods of the instant
claims will necessarily result in foods falling within the scope of the conflicting claims.
Note that during prosecution of the patent restriction was required between 1) sprouts 2)
foods 3) solvent extracts and 4) pills/tablets. See paper no. 9, dated 9/21/99. No
restriction was made between food products and the methods used to make them.
Accordingly, an obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate in this
instance.

Discussion: State of the Prior Art at Time of Filing

As previously argued by Applicant, the prior art of record actually teaches away from the instantly claimed methods for making foods. Specifically, Jones et al (USP 4,158,656) notes at column 3, lines 48-53 that glucosinolates and isothiocyanates should be removed prior to making any food products. Anjou et al (USP 4,083,836) discloses substantially the same.

Furthermore, the prior art of record also teaches away from harvesting vegetables up to and including the 2-leaf stage. See for instance Pusateri et al (USP 5,686,108) at column 2. lines 48-51, which notes that mature broccoli florets are preferable to other

parts of the plant because of their higher nitrile content. Accordingly, no issue of obviousness-type double patenting is seen with regard to claims relating to methods of making food products in which selection of same is required in USP 5,698,567 and USP 5,725,895.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 48-57 are allowable as presently advised.

The prior art of record does not fairly suggest, teach or disclose extracting glucosinolates and isothiocyanates from plant tissue using a combination of DMSO, acetonitrile and DMF as recited instantly, as discussed in detail in Applicant's response.

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Frederick Krass whose telephone number is (571) 272-0580. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:30AM to 6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ardin Marschel can be reached at (571) 272-0718. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

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published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Frederick Krass Primary Examiner Art Unit 1614